

Harding Drafts League Stand of His Party

Col. Harvey and F. B. Loomis at Marion to Assist in Preparation of Address To Be Delivered Saturday

Johnson Support Pledged Pre-convention Manager Is Certain California Majority Will Be 150,000

From a Staff Correspondent MARION, Ohio, Aug. 21.—Senator Warren G. Harding has begun working on an address in which for the first time he speaks of acceptance he will feel at length with the Republican party's attitude toward the League of Nations.

The speech will be delivered Saturday at a delegation coming to the front porch from Indiana.

The nominee in his talk to this gathering, composed principally of members of the Indianapolis Harding Club and headed by E. J. Jacoby, will express his views on the kind of an association of nations in which he would have America participate and probably will deal extensively with the nation's foreign policies.

An idea of the importance of which this speech is regarded around Harding headquarters may be gathered from the unusual precautions being taken to keep it from being "answered in advance" by Governor Cox. No address to facilitate publication will be sent out to newspapers. Three visitors arrived to-day who were in a position to assist Senator Harding in his task of setting forth the Republican party's attitude toward the League of Nations.

Colonel Harvey to Assist Senator One of these was Francis B. Loomis, Assistant Secretary of State, under President Roosevelt and a man well informed regarding the views of Elihu Root, former Secretary of State, on the League of Nations.

Another was Colonel George W. Harvey, who came to remain with the Hardings over the week end.

Afternoon Senator Harding returned to the country Club at Columbus, Colonel Harvey went with him to discuss the forthcoming speech. The Senator planned to play golf, providing it was not raining.

The third visitor was Judge Rex B. Goodell, of San Bernardino, Calif., one of Senator Hiram Johnson's prominent managers. He is a member of California's Superior Court and a past grand president of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He said he was going directly from Marion to San Bernardino to keep an appointment with Senator Johnson.

"It has already been announced that Senator Johnson will be actively in charge of the campaign that means everything that it might imply," Judge Goodell said.

"He is for Harding and the Republican ticket all the way through. I have found out that I found working in the states where there is most need for his assistance—that is, wherever the national committee wants him."

Johnson Behind Organization "The entire behind Harding as it is now as definitely behind Harding as it was behind Johnson before the convention. It is 100 per cent solid for the ticket. Our estimate, based on the figures from the recent registration in California, places the Republican majority there at 150,000; and I may add that this figure was confirmed by the most industrial California Democrat who has talked to me."

"Oregon and Washington will line up just as solidly as California. Based on my judgment on what I learned in the campaign and the campaign and developments since, the mountain states will all go for Harding with possibly the exception. The Democrats in our party are making efforts in the mountain and Pacific states. They concede them to the Republicans."

The coming week is going to be a busy one for the Senator. On Tuesday the Harding and Coolidge theatrical League will come from New York to visit him. Al Johnson, a prominent manager, will make a speech. The party will include De Wolf Hopper, Blanche Ring, Lew Fields, Alice Lloyd, Vanessa Suratt, Sonny Fawcett, and others.

May Bring Babe Ruth The folks from Broadway are carrying their own orchestra and are making an effort to bring Babe Ruth, the home run king. Ruth is said to be a Harding admirer, while the Senator believes Ruth deserves a niche in the Hall of Fame. The nominee is a keen admirer of the slugger. The Senator will be served at the White Oaks Farm, the manorium just outside of Marion, which is conducted by Dr. C. E. Sawyer, the Harding family physician.

Charges Without Evidence "They want to be the sponsors of American government," said Governor Cox. "I assure you that they will not and that the government will be sponsored by their activities. They are charging that the government is spending hundreds of thousands—yes, millions—have gone into the Republican treasury to buy an underhold on the government."

Fact vs. Fancy "Mr. Roosevelt gave the authority for his accusation 'an item' he had read in a newspaper," Mr. Cox said. "I know that the Republican National Committee had adopted a plan, which I announced more than a year ago, for financing our campaign by a method of decentralized giving, securing small contributions from a great many, with a limit of one thousand dollars as a maximum for any contribution; that Mr. Harding had publicly approved the plan, and that the committee had redrafted it after he was nominated."

"Knowing all this, Mr. Roosevelt asserted that the colossal sum of \$30,000,000 and Mr. Cox declared, apparently of his own knowledge, that millions have already gone into the Republican treasury, from certain interests banded together to buy the Presidency. They thus imputing the accusation to the Republican National Committee and myself of being engaged in a conspiracy to betray our country."

Denounced as Falsehood "That, I submit, is a serious charge. If it could be substantiated no punishment of those found guilty could be too severe. It cannot be, of course, for the quite simple reason that it is not true. Do you think Mr. Cox believed it was true? Do you think Mr. Roosevelt believed it was true? I do not. And yet they had the audacity to utter this charge and to deny the truthfulness and reflecting upon the honor of fellow citizens, for one of whom at least they have professed the fullest respect."

Their purpose is plain. They can hardly hope to deceive the thoughtful, but they do mean to impose upon the credulous.

"By reason of the enlarged electorate and the greatly increased cost of all things we figure that there will be required a total of about \$3,000,000, an average of about 10 cents per voter. Part of this has been received in small contributions from individuals, 50 per cent of whom have never before subscribed to party funds. The larger part of the total I believe we shall be able to raise under the plan of limited subscriptions, which thus far has proved successful. If this attempt should fail, we would require the state to increase the maximum and seek additional contributions. But should it succeed, as I believe it will, the achievement of I may say a prominent Democratic editor,

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Missouri Women Can't Vote WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

H. & M. Accepts 5 Ct. Fare Railroad Obeys Order as to Jersey-City Local Rides Farebox guards of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad accepted five-cent fares for Jersey City local rides yesterday.

When the notice, signed by Commissioner Charles F. X. O'Brien, advising passengers to pay more than five cents for local rides, was issued last night by the police the guards took the names of some of the passengers who deposited that amount. Yesterday the passenger was asked where he was going, and if he had been in Jersey City he was permitted to go on without hindrance.

Under the order, guards said yesterday, few passengers were taking advantage of the lower fare.

Hays Refutes Cox's Slush Fund Charges

Actual results of their eight-year-old pledges to reduce the cost of living.

"They may choose to dilate upon their fresh promises to stop profiteering in face of the fact that all profiteering sprang into being and continues to flourish under their own auspices."

Refers to "War" Slogans "They may like to contrast the types and characters of justices of the Supreme Court to be appointed by the one or the other of the two nominees."

"They may again rest their case upon their slogans of four years ago: 'He kept us out of war,' 'Peace, Preparedness and Prosperity' and 'War in Europe' and 'America, Thank God for Wilson!'"

"They may seek popularity in substituting for 'First in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen' and 'The most comprehensive ever uttered' the slogan of the moment: 'Last in war, first in peace, come from the hearts of his countrymen.'"

"They may seek to make their zig-zagging back and forth from the zig-zagging of the soloist of the Democratic party to the future presence of its quartet of bosses, to make his selection."

"It matters not to us. Our sole requirement is that there shall be no restriction. This referendum is going to be more than solemn. It is going to be the most comprehensive ever uttered. Before ended it will have comprised every phase of maladministration and every fleck of Wilsonianity that has brought untold misery upon a people who have every right to be prosperous and contented."

"Impotence and Ill-Repute" "The Democratic candidate appeals to both the Wilson and the anti-Wilson factions of his party. To the former he holds forth the President's platform. To the latter he exhibits himself as an advocate of complete change in administration. Idealism for the sentimentalists, patronage for the machinists—that is his motto, and he offers to the country for 'foreign use' the Wilson covenant and for domestic service Tammany Hall—truly a marvelous combination of impotence and ill-repute."

"Upon the highest authority we are informed that no man can serve two masters, but that of one master and four horses? Obviously with his recognized dexterity the Democratic candidate is able to hold to both, though seemingly repudiated by one yet beloved by the others. What, pray, can be deduced from the mental processes of one who solemnly defines the very essence of the very essence of Article X, precisely as, with like accuracy, one might define vaccine as the very essence of smallpox?"

"But I have no wish to follow the not yet fully formed and least not yet true. Thus far but one of the joint assertions of the Democratic candidates bears directly upon my department. Speaking in Chicago on August 11, Secretary Roosevelt charged that the Republican campaign fund would exceed \$30,000,000, and added that 'such a sum could not be honestly expended.' Three days later in Wheeling, W. Va., according to The New York Times report, Governor Cox 'caused a sensation and brought enthusiastic response when he charged that certain interests were banded together to buy the Presidency, and that millions had been contributed to the campaign fund of the Republican party by sinister intent.'"

Charges Without Evidence "They want to be the sponsors of American government," said Governor Cox. "I assure you that they will not and that the government will be sponsored by their activities. They are charging that the government is spending hundreds of thousands—yes, millions—have gone into the Republican treasury to buy an underhold on the government."

Fact vs. Fancy "Mr. Roosevelt gave the authority for his accusation 'an item' he had read in a newspaper," Mr. Cox said. "I know that the Republican National Committee had adopted a plan, which I announced more than a year ago, for financing our campaign by a method of decentralized giving, securing small contributions from a great many, with a limit of one thousand dollars as a maximum for any contribution; that Mr. Harding had publicly approved the plan, and that the committee had redrafted it after he was nominated."

"Knowing all this, Mr. Roosevelt asserted that the colossal sum of \$30,000,000 and Mr. Cox declared, apparently of his own knowledge, that millions have already gone into the Republican treasury, from certain interests banded together to buy the Presidency. They thus imputing the accusation to the Republican National Committee and myself of being engaged in a conspiracy to betray our country."

Denounced as Falsehood "That, I submit, is a serious charge. If it could be substantiated no punishment of those found guilty could be too severe. It cannot be, of course, for the quite simple reason that it is not true. Do you think Mr. Cox believed it was true? Do you think Mr. Roosevelt believed it was true? I do not. And yet they had the audacity to utter this charge and to deny the truthfulness and reflecting upon the honor of fellow citizens, for one of whom at least they have professed the fullest respect."

Their purpose is plain. They can hardly hope to deceive the thoughtful, but they do mean to impose upon the credulous.

"By reason of the enlarged electorate and the greatly increased cost of all things we figure that there will be required a total of about \$3,000,000, an average of about 10 cents per voter. Part of this has been received in small contributions from individuals, 50 per cent of whom have never before subscribed to party funds. The larger part of the total I believe we shall be able to raise under the plan of limited subscriptions, which thus far has proved successful. If this attempt should fail, we would require the state to increase the maximum and seek additional contributions. But should it succeed, as I believe it will, the achievement of I may say a prominent Democratic editor,

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

Without Special Legislation WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Special legislation will be necessary in Missouri to enable the women of that state to vote in the Presidential election in November. The National Woman's party headquarters here was informed to-day by the Attorney General of Missouri.

would far transcend in ultimate benefit to the country the election of a dozen Presidents."

But I give fair warning now that neither the Wilson candidates nor the Republican management will take false aspersions lying down. If at the instance of our adversaries this campaign is finally resolved into a question of personal characters, we know of no reason, aside from natural distaste, why we should not meet that issue as readily as any other.

With Warren G. Harding and Calvin Coolidge as our candidates, all we ask is a fair contest; and that we propose to have."

La Guardia Says Orlando Will Not Visit U. S. Now

Wilson Administration Charged With Bad Faith in Extending Invitation

Major F. H. La Guardia, president of the Board of Aldermen, said yesterday that the time was not propitious, just prior to a national election, for Vittorio Orlando, Premier of Italy, to visit this country.

The Aldermanic President issued a statement charging the Wilson Administration with bad faith in extending an invitation to the Italian statesman to come to this country now.

"Signor Orlando is too much of a statesman and a gentleman to fall for anything like this," said Major La Guardia. "The day of the invitation vote is passed. Citizens of Italian extraction are as good Americans as there exist, and they will vote as Americans and repudiate the policies of Woodrow Wilson. This is not the time for Mr. Orlando or anybody else to come to this country and get mixed up in local internal affairs. The citizens of Italy will surely have no effect on real American issues."

"Italy needed Wilson's friendship several months ago, and he had every opportunity to show his real friendship to the United States. It is too late now, however, but perhaps after election, if Signor Orlando will bring Major D'Annunzio with him, we will give them a rousing reception."

Lawrence Stands by Abeles and Fusion Effort Is Renewed

Bronx Republican Chairman Tells Security League the Democrats Have No Cause to Repudiate Senator

The National Security League renewed its efforts yesterday for fusion against Assemblymen Orr and Dewitt in the Bronx, setting on receipt of a letter from Richard W. Lawrence, chairman of the Republican County Committee of the Bronx, in which he said he saw no reason for repudiating Senator Abeles, who had been renominated by the Republicans, merely because the Bronx Democratic organization demanded his elimination.

Mr. Orr and Dewitt were expelled last March at the instigation of Speaker Sweet and others. In his reply to a letter from Charles D. Orth, head of the league, urging fusion against the Socialist candidates, Mr. Lawrence wrote:

"In reply to your interesting letter of the 18th I enclose clipping taken from The Tribune to-day that accurately presents the facts concerning the present status of negotiations with respect to a fusion of the Democrats and Republicans in the 22d Senatorial District. The Democrats have introduced issues not germane to the fusion which, as I understand the situation, was to insure the defeat of the un-American element and the Socialist candidates for Assembly in the 4th and 5th districts, Bronx County, and the candidate for the Senate in the 22d district, by combination. There is no reason why Senator Abeles should be repudiated by his party."

"The motion is out of order," said Speaker Walker. Then he gave three reasons for his ruling, two of them based on the lack of a quorum and the third on an injunction which had been issued by the court in the case of the no-quorum. Mr. Odle did not move to suspend the rule, and the motion was ruled out of order.

Appeal Taken From Ruling Riddick immediately appealed from the ruling of the chair, Speaker Walker called Representative Odle, of Benton County, one of the immortal forty-nine, to the chair. He did this so as to avoid the question of the no-quorum. But Odle did not budge. He would not order a rollcall on the quorum. He immediately put a rollcall on the quorum, which resulted in 50 yeas and 4 nays, the anti-repeal vote to commit themselves either way. Then Riddick moved reconsideration of the ratification.

"You want to vote 'No,'" he shouted, and vote "No" the fifty men did with vim. Riddick then moved that the clerk of the House be instructed to transmit as passed to the Senate. This was ordered by viva voce vote, and the House adjourned to 3 o'clock Monday afternoon.

In the hall who to-day put the blight on the last night were two men whom the suffragists to-night are calling heroes. C. W. Brooks, of Atwood, chartered a special train to get to Nashville this morning to vote. He left his wife, although she had been there hold little hope of the recovery.

T. A. Dodson, of Kingsport, was eager to get to the bedside of his wife, as his wife had telephoned the infant could not live another day. When there was no quorum on hand he prepared to depart, but he had actually taken his seat on the train. Suffrage leaders found him and explained the plan they had arrived at. He at once gathered his baggage, got off at the Kingsport hospital and may have the fifth vote to the suffragists.

Speaker Walker this morning made another blunder which will rank with his blunder of Wednesday in changing his vote to "Aye" to get a chance to reconsider. After he had surrendered the chair to Representative Odle he did not resume it, and Odle, who had not taken his seat on the court's action, signed the resolution.

Court Action on Resolution The court action which was brought was an injunction to prevent Speaker Todd of the Senate or Walker of the House from signing the resolution, and temporarily to suspend the rules of the House for the enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment as calculated to facilitate the enforcement of that amendment and to prevent evasion or violation of its terms and spirit.

Republicans Claim Indiana Special Dispatch to The Tribune CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—Indiana no longer can be classed as a doubtful state, according to Senator Harry New, chairman of the speakers' bureau of the Republican National Committee, who with James H. Watson, representative of the Republican State in the Senate, and Mr. Watson spoke at Crooked Lake, Ind., yesterday. "You can take Indiana off the doubtful list," New declared.

"There were throngs of people at the meeting. They came from towns all over the northern part of the state. Five hundred automobiles, filled with people, came from La Grange County. Several thousand people, most of whom were from the agricultural district, responded with more than the usual interest to the discussion of the issues. There is no longer any doubt but that the electoral vote of Indiana will be given to Warren G. Harding."

In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune. In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune. In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune.

In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune. In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune. In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune.

In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune. In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune. In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune.

In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune. In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune. In your spare time take a course in trade, says the Chicago Tribune.

Tennessee's Antis Bill to Halt Suffrage

People of Tennessee have been given a chance to express their sentiment on suffrage," said Mr. Hall. "We feel that they have not yet voiced their opinion, and we wait to see that they have an opportunity to do so. We tried to do so by action on the suffrage bill in January in order that our people may be heard, but the ratificationists refuse to do so. We are acting in accordance with the dictates of our conscience."

Walk-Out No Novelty in Tennessee Legislature

Trick First Invoked in 1841 Frequently Has Been Used to Defeat Will of Majority

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 21.—Since the days when Andrew Johnson was merely a state figure in politics, a legislative "walkout" in connection with a filibuster has been a weapon invoked in the Tennessee Legislature as a last resort and all factions have resorted to it. "Walkouts" have been staged in the Tennessee Senate in 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920.

When the incident are known in Tennessee political tradition as "the immortal thirteen."

In 1885, to defeat a registration bill, the Republican party staged a walkout in the Tennessee Senate in 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920.

Democrats of the House on April 1 quorum and the protest started for Hopkinsville, Ky., remaining out of the state for a week. This filibuster failed of its purpose, under the holding of the Supreme Court, and the incident was known as "the immortal thirteen."

When the incident are known in Tennessee political tradition as "the immortal thirteen."

Women Spent \$150,000 On Suffrage Ratification

Officials of National Party Estimate That \$60,000 Went to Win Thirty-sixth State

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The campaign of the National Woman's party for ratification of the suffrage amendment has cost to date \$150,000, according to an announcement to-night by party officials. They estimated that at least \$60,000 was spent to get the thirty-sixth ratification, some of which is still to be raised.

At first the Senate considered recalling its ratification from the House. This would have forced Speaker Walker to give its present status, including its passage Wednesday, 50 to 46. This plan was abandoned in favor of one for the House to call for a quorum, call up the reconsideration motion, kill it and force the clerk to send the resolution to the Senate.

When the House reconvened, Mr. Riddick arose. "Speaker, I rise to a parliamentary inquiry and point of order," he began.

"State it," Walker.

"I make the point of order that ratification of a Federal amendment is a power derived from the Federal Constitution, and that the House has no authority to call for a quorum, as that is a matter for the Senate to determine. I therefore move you to call the motion out of order."

"The motion is out of order," said Speaker Walker. Then he gave three reasons for his ruling, two of them based on the lack of a quorum and the third on an injunction which had been issued by the court in the case of the no-quorum. Mr. Odle did not move to suspend the rule, and the motion was ruled out of order.

Rivals Assail Wadsworth As They Open Campaign

Mrs. Boole and George Henry Payne Attack Senator as Unfit for Nomination

Mrs. Ella A. Boole, of Brooklyn, candidate in the Republican primaries for the nomination of United States Senator, with Senator Wadsworth and Mrs. George Henry Payne, announced yesterday that their campaign headquarters would be in Room 503, No. 155 Fifth Avenue, and that Mrs. Margaret Sloat would be her executive secretary.

"I shall have some one with political experience for a campaign manager," said Mrs. Boole. The time is so short that various me and workers around the state also will serve as area managers. I shall conduct a constructive campaign. I am contesting the nomination of Senator Wadsworth because I know there are multitudes of Republicans in the State of New York who do not want him as their Senator. He represents things they will not live in fit and comfortable lives they represent things he will not stand for. I shall not challenge Senator Wadsworth for a joint debate."

The action of the Senate in the campaign for the Senatorship nomination in Ellenville last night, attacking Senator Wadsworth for working in the interests of the stockholders, giving what he asserted was documentary and sworn evidence of the truth of his charges. He said: "Senator Harding and Governor Coolidge have no greater interest in the unpopularity of James W. Wadsworth, his studied indifference to the people's rebellion against his course threatens to affect the entire state ticket and may vitally affect the national ticket."

Zion Episcopal Church Backs Republican Ticket

700,000 Colored Members of U. S. Committed by Bishops to Support Candidates

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 21.—The Zion Methodist Episcopal Church, with more than 700,000 colored members in the United States, has been committed to the support of the Republican platform and the Republican candidates for President and Vice-President by the recent action here of the Bishops' Council.

The council unanimously endorsed the candidacies of Harding and Coolidge and approved every plank in the Republican platform.

The action of the church body was brought about largely through the efforts of the Colored Republican Interstate Legion. It is announced that the legion is to be organized to work for the support of the Republican platform and the Republican candidates for President and Vice-President by the recent action here of the Bishops' Council.

Harding Speech On U. S. Senate Assailed by Cox

Says Republican Opponent Fails to Make Distinction Between Upper House and Group Which Controls It

Repeats League Charges Speaks of the Unblushing Continuance of Gathering of Huge Campaign Fund

ORVILLE, Ohio, Aug. 21.—Another spirited attack on the "Senate oligarchy" was made here to-day by Governor Cox in an address replying to that delivered recently by Senator Harding, in which Mr. Harding commended the Senate as a forum of popular government.

"The Republican candidate," said Governor Cox, "has devoted a front porch session to the defense of the United States Senate, and with characteristic reactionary isolation from the current of public thought he fails to distinguish between the United States Senate as an institution and the list of United States Senators who have taken charge of an important part of the government."

"It is our contention that a group of men have formed a domineering, arrogant oligarchy in the Senate and that they have deliberately interfered with the welfare of the world and delayed readjustment in this country, all to the distinct injury and disadvantage of the people."

"That the Republican Senate group was trying to 'annex the Presidency' also was asserted by the Governor, who stopped here to-day en route to Canton, Ohio.

"The feeling against the Senate," Mr. Cox declared, "grows specifically out of the abuses of the oligarchy. Prompted by its success in obstructive tactics it has moved into an entirely new undertaking and it seeks now to annex the Presidency."

Attacks "Greedy Interests" Continuing his attack upon Republican campaign contributions Mr. Cox also charged that "the greedy interests which are making the contributions have been in notorious consort with the Senatorial oligarchy."

In attacking the Senate leaders the Governor also stressed again the necessity for the League of Nations, reiterating and extending former arguments in its support.

Senator Harding, in his address defending the Senate, Governor Cox declared, "stripped his discussions of the personal equation and elaborated on the wisdom of the fathers in creating two parts of the legislative branch of government, the Senate and the House."

The people, Governor Cox predicted, would "resent the attempt now being made to turn the Senate and the Presidency into a single unit."

"If Presidential responsibility is to be shared it will be with the councilors of the leaders," said the Governor, "and his nomination to them, if gratitude is naturally to them. There is no joy in walking."

Start the walking habit. Buy a pair of Cantilever Shoes. They are the shoes for work or play, for standing or walking. There is plenty of room, yet they fit with snug smoothness and hold the foot easily—comfortably.

The under-arch sole is drawn up by lacing the shoe, so that it fits close to the foot and supports the arch.

Two Miles a Day. keeps the doctor away. If people walked more they'd be sick less. Walking is the most healthful exercise—and the cheapest. But to get the full benefit of walking you must wear the proper shoes. If your feet are uncomfortable there is no joy in walking.

Start the walking habit. Buy a pair of Cantilever Shoes. They are the shoes for work or play, for standing or walking. There is plenty of room, yet they fit with snug smoothness and hold the foot easily—comfortably.

The under-arch sole is drawn up by lacing the shoe, so that it fits close to the foot and supports the arch.

Two Miles a Day. keeps the doctor away. If people walked more they'd be sick less. Walking is the most healthful exercise—and the cheapest. But to get the full benefit of walking you must wear the proper shoes. If your feet are uncomfortable there is no joy in walking.

Start the walking habit. Buy a pair of Cantilever Shoes. They are the shoes for work or play, for standing or walking. There is plenty of room, yet they fit with snug smoothness and hold the foot easily—comfortably.

The under-arch sole is drawn up by lacing the shoe, so that it fits close to the foot and supports the arch.

Two Miles a Day. keeps the doctor away. If people walked more they'd be sick less. Walking is the most healthful exercise—and the cheapest. But to get the full benefit of walking you must wear the proper shoes. If your feet are uncomfortable there is no joy in walking.